## IN THE CLARK COUNTY MUNICIPAL COURT

In re: Criminal Charges Against Donald J. Trump and James David ("JD") Vance

Matter No. \_\_\_\_\_

BENCH MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF THE ATTACHED R.C. 2935.09(A) AND (D) CRIMINAL CHARGES OF GUERLINE JOZEF ON BEHALF OF THE HAITIAN BRIDGE ALLIANCE AGAINST DONALD J. TRUMP AND JAMES DAVID (JD) VANCE.

Guerline Jozef, on behalf of the Haitian Bridge Alliance, Inc., respectfully offers this bench memorandum in support of the attached affidavit under R.C. 2935.09(A) and (D). The affidavit—which is properly submitted under the plain language of the statute to a *judge* of this Court for review and not the prosecutor's office—charges Donald J. Trump and James David (JD) Vance with the following criminal offenses:

- R.C. 2909.04(A) and (B) (Disrupting Public Services),
- R.C. 2917.32(A) (Making False Alarms),
- R.C. 2923.03(A) (Complicity),
- R.C. 2917.21(A) (Telecommunications Harassment),
- R.C. 2903.21(A) (Aggravated Menacing),
- S.C.O. § 537.08 (Telecommunications Harassment),
- <u>S.C.O.</u> § 501.10 (Complicity)

The Haitian Bridge Alliance and Ms. Jozef respectfully request that this Court make independent findings of probable cause based on the facts presented—and issue warrants for Trump's and Vance's arrests.

1. R.C. 2935.09 authorizes private citizens to file criminal charges and requires this Court to either issue arrest warrants or refer the matter to the prosecuting attorney for investigation.

R.C. 2935.09(D) allows private citizens to file an affidavit charging criminal offenses.

R.C. 2935.09 (Person having knowledge of offense to file affidavit—official review before complaint filed), provides, in relevant part:

- (A) As used in this section, "reviewing official" means a **judge of a court of record**, the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in a court or before a magistrate, or a magistrate.
- (B) In all cases not provided by sections 2935.02 to 2935.08 of the Revised Code, in order to cause the arrest or prosecution of a person charged with committing an offense in this state, a peace officer or a private citizen having knowledge of the facts shall comply with this section.

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(D) A private citizen having knowledge of the facts who seeks to cause an arrest or prosecution under this section may file an affidavit charging the offense committed with a reviewing official for the purpose of review to determine if a complaint should be filed by the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in the court or before the magistrate. A private citizen may file an affidavit charging the offense committed with the clerk of a court of record before or after the normal business hours of the reviewing officials if the clerk's office is open at those times. A clerk who receives an affidavit before or after the normal business hours of the reviewing official's normal business hours resume.

(Emphasis added.)

When the R.C. 2935.09(D) affidavit charges a felony, as is true here, R.C. 2935.10(A) (Filing of affidavit or complaint procedure) commands a trial court to either:

- (1) "forthwith" issue a warrant for the arrest of the person charged in the affidavit, or
- (2) refer the matter to the prosecuting attorney for investigation.

So this Court has only two options: issue an arrest warrant or refer the matter to the prosecuting attorney. *State v. Fraley*, 2020-Ohio-3763, ¶ 13 (12th Dist.).

Investigation is neither needed nor requested. Despite the facts presented in the affidavit being open and notorious for the world to see, the prosecuting attorney has not yet acted to protect the community and hold Trump and Vance accountable for the harm they have instigated. Thus, the Haitian Bridge Alliance and Ms. Jozef request this Court, independently, to find probable cause based on the facts presented and issue arrest warrants for both Trump and Vance. Probable cause having already been determined by this Court, the prosecuting attorney then must make a public decision about whether that office stands for the rule of law—or whether it will further coddle Trump and Vance with complete inaction.

# 2. The probable-cause standard is a low threshold, and the affidavit charging Trump and Vance meets it.

A trial court may issue an arrest warrant or summons under R.C. 2935.10(B) upon a finding of probable cause. Affidavits under R.C. 2935.09(D) are governed by Crim.R. 4, which provides for an independent determination of probable cause by a judge, magistrate, clerk of court, or officer of the court designated by the judge. *State v. Moss*, 2003-Ohio-6053, ¶ 18 (5th Dist.).

The effect is that while the Court can issue an arrest warrant based on the affidavit, it cannot *reject* the complaint without affording the complainant with a hearing for the Court to independently determine probable cause, even where the prosecutor disagrees. *See id* at ¶¶ 15, 17, 18, 22.

And Crim.R. 4 contains a lesser hearsay standard, which allows for a finding of probable cause based on hearsay evidence, in whole or in part, when there is a substantial basis for believing the hearsay source to be credible and a substantial basis for believing that there is a factual basis for the information furnished. Most if not all the evidence presented in the affidavit is not hearsay. The evidence includes videorecorded admissions or written statements, threats, and actions by Trump and Vance themselves, along with government statements by Governor Mike DeWine, Springfield Mayor Robert Rue, and others about the falsehood of Trump's and Vance's statements. To the

limited extent there is any hearsay, it is from reliable or reputable sources. The facts are essentially indisputable.

The Haitian Bridge Alliance asks this Court to find probable cause that criminal charges are warranted for the violated statutes because of the harmful lies repeatedly spewed by Donald J. Trump and James David ("JD") Vance and their impact on the community. Probable cause exists when the facts and circumstances known, which are reasonably trustworthy, are sufficient to warrant a prudent individual in believing another had committed or was committing an offense. *State v. Cavalier*, 2012-Ohio-1976, ¶ 31 (2nd Dist.) *citing Beck v. State of Ohio*, 379 U.S. 89, 91 (1964).

This is not a high bar. Probable cause is a lower threshold than "by a preponderance of the evidence," because it does not require the precision or high level of certainty needed for a preponderance of the evidence. *See Kaley v. U.S.*, 571 U.S. 320, 338 (2014), *Gerstein v. Pugh*, 420 U.S. 103, 121 (1975). Probable cause relies on a reasonable belief, which is less stringent than proving whether something is more likely true than not, as the preponderance-of-the-evidence standard requires. *See State v. Reniff*, 2001-Ohio-4353, ¶ 50 (8th Dist.) (O'Donnell, J. dissenting). And, of course, probable cause is a far less of a standard than beyond a reasonable doubt, the standard required for criminal convictions.

The evidence about Trump and Vance's misconduct recounted in the attached affidavit meets this low threshold. And if anyone else had done what they have done, to the devastating effect experienced in Springfield, police and prosecutors would have filed charges by now. Trump and Vance have knowingly spread a false and dangerous narrative by claiming that Springfield, Ohio's Haitian community is criminally killing and eating neighbors' dogs and cats, and killing and eating geese. They accused Springfield's Haitians of bearing deadly disease. They repeated such lies during the presidential debate, at campaign rallies, during interviews on national television, and on social media.

The direct impact on Springfield, Ohio of Trump and Vance's unrelenting lies cannot be overstated. During the last two weeks, Springfield has received 33 bomb threats. Many public institutions have been forced to evacuate, and vital local resources were diverted to investigate the barrage of threats to the community. As detailed in the attached and incorporated affidavit, the Haitian Bridge Alliance seeks arrest warrants for Trump and Vance because they

- disrupted public service in violation of R.C. 2909.04(A) and 2909.04(B) by causing widespread bomb and other threats that resulted in massive disruptions to the public services in Springfield, Ohio.
- made false alarms in violation of R.C. 2917.32(A) by knowingly causing alarm in the Springfield, Ohio community by continuing to repeat lies that state and local officials have said were false.
- committed telecommunications harassment in violation of R.C. 2917.21(A) and S.C.O. § 537.08 by spreading claims they know to be false during the presidential debate, campaign rallies, nationally televised interviews, and social media.
- committed aggravating menacing in violation R.C. 2917.21(A) by knowingly making intimidating statements with the intent to abuse, threaten, or harass the recipients.
- committed aggravated menacing in violation of R.C. 2903.21(A) by knowingly causing others to falsely believe that members of the Springfield, Ohio Haitian community would cause serious physical harm to the person or property of others within the Springfield, Ohio community.
- violated the complicity statute, R.C. 2923.03(A) and ordinance, S.C.O. § 501.10, by conspiring with one another and spreading vicious lies that caused innocent parties to be parties to their various crimes.

Like those who falsely shout "fire!" in a crowded theater, Trump and Vance do not color within the lines of the First Amendment. They commit criminal acts.

Regarding the 2014 police killing of 12-year-old Tamir Rice, the Cleveland Municipal Court found probable cause to support criminal charges in *In re: Affidavits Relating to Timothy Loehmann & Frank Garmback*. A copy of the Cleveland Municipal Court's order finding probable cause based on the then-affiants' R.C. 2935.09 affidavit is attached as supporting authority, after Guerline Jozef's affidavit.

#### 4. Conclusion.

Thus, the Haitian Bridge Alliance and Guerline Jozef charge Donald J. Trump and James David Vance of crimes against the people of Ohio. They support their criminal charges with the attached affidavit. They ask this Court to treat Trump and Vance the same way anyone else would be treated for the crimes committed, and, as R.C. 2935.10(A) expressly requires, *forthwith* issue warrants for Trump's and Vance's arrests.

This should be done before Trump fulfills his threat to visit Springfield—despite Mayor Rob Rue's request that he not do so—so that he may be arrested upon arrival for his criminal acts.

Dated September 24, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

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#### IN THE CLARK COUNTY MUNICIPAL COURT

In re: Criminal Charges Against Donald J. Trump and James David ("JD") Vance	Matter No	
Affidavit of Guerline Jozef Charging Donald J. Trump and JD Vance With Criminal Acts		

- I, Guerline Jozef, being duly sworn according to law, testify as follows on behalf of the Haitian Bridge Alliance, Inc.:
- 1. I am a private citizen over the age of 18. I have personal knowledge of and am competent to testify regarding the matters discussed below.
- 2. I am the co-founder and executive director of the Haitian Bridge Alliance, Inc., a national, grassroots, nonprofit community organization that advocates for fair and humane immigration policies and provides migrants and immigrants with humanitarian, legal, and social services, with a particular focus on Black people, the Haitian community, women and girls, LGBTQIA+ individuals, and survivors of torture and other human-rights abuses.
- 3. We focus on the issues unique to Black migrants and build solidarity and collective movement toward policy change. We collaborate with Black migrant communities throughout the United States, progressive coalitions fighting anti-Blackness and advocate locally, nationally, and internationally for fair and just immigration policies.
- 4. Haitian Bridge Alliance launched a pilot project in 2024 that connected recent Haitian immigrants to labor-union apprenticeship programs in Ohio. We provided language, technical, and social support to apprenticeship applicants so they could successfully complete the programs. Our staff built and maintained strong relationships with the apprenticeship graduates and continued to support them as they were placed in jobs. Several of the Haitian immigrants we supported relocated to live and work in Springfield, Ohio, and all are legally employed there. Since Trump and Vance's false and malevolent comments against Haitians started in September 2024, our staff maintained close contact with the Haitian immigrant workers and built relationships with other community members in Springfield to help them navigate the resulting backlash.

## PURPOSE OF THIS AFFIDAVIT

5. This affidavit criminally charges Donald J. Trump and James David (JD) Vance under R.C. 2935.09(D). We seek their arrest and prosecution and ask that a reviewing official under R.C. 2935.09(A), in particular, a judge, "review to determine if a complaint should be filed by the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in the court."

- 6. Over the last two weeks, both Trump and Vance led an effort to vilify and threaten the Haitian community in Springfield, Ohio. Together, they spread and amplified the debunked claim that Haitians immigrants in Springfield are eating cats, dogs, and wildlife.
- 7. We do not have to guess at the motivation behind these actions; Vance has publicly admitted that he and Trump "have to create stories" for media attention.
- 8. These lies have had devastating results. Thirty-three bomb threats across Springfield within the last two weeks. Hospitals, schools, universities, and government offices were all evacuated after receiving racially charged threats. Springfield government officials and their families received threats. Trump and Vance's lies have harmed the Springfield community, and their lies have violated criminal law.
- 9. All the Haitian immigrants and community members to whom we have spoken have told us that, before Trump's and Vance's comments, they found people in Springfield to be welcoming, nice, and helpful. But since the comments earlier this month, Haitians are receiving hostile comments and feel like they are constantly being watched by people at work and in their neighborhoods.
- 10. One Haitian man said that on or around September 12, 2024, while he was walking in downtown Springfield to City Hall, a white man driving by in a car yelled at him, "Trump is coming for you." He was frightened and did not know if the driver yelling at him was armed or would attack him.
- 11. Several of the Haitian workers we support have complained that their colleagues at work repeatedly ask them whether they are cat-eaters. They feel uncomfortable and unsafe at work because, with their language difficulties and not yet being fully fluent in English, they cannot judge how their colleagues feel about them and whether they are at risk of being fired or physically harmed.
- 12. Many of the people we have spoken to left Haiti because they suffered politically motivated violence and persecution, and they have reported feeling scared for their physical safety all the time because of Trump and Vance's comments. They are terrified that, if Trump and Vance win the elections, they will be harassed even more and even become victims of violence.
- 13. Some have reported feeling so scared that they do not feel like going to work because they do not know what could happen to them at work or on their way to work. Others have said they do not want to be out at night for fear of what could happen to them. They do not want to talk to people as they would have, like by asking for directions on the street, because they do not know whom they can trust or who may want to harm them. We have learned that the stress and unpredictability is so high that Haitians are quitting their jobs and leaving Ohio for good.

#### SUMMARY OF TRUMP'S AND VANCE'S LEGAL VIOLATIONS

- 14. Ohio law provides courts with avenues to hold Trump and Vance accountable for their illegal actions. The following affidavit details the facts outlining Trump's and Vance's violations of four Ohio statutes and two parallel Springfield codified ordinances.
- 15. Trump and Vance are major public figures whose words have tremendous power. And they know that. By spreading vicious rumors about Springfield's Haitian community killing and eating cats, dogs, and geese, and bearing disease, Trump and Vance are complicit in harming innocent people. And they are also causing innocent parties across the media, state, and country to perpetuate the false claims, in violation of R.C. 2923.03 (Complicity) and Springfield Codified Ordinance (S.C.O.) § 501.10 (Complicity).
- 16. The chaos caused by Trump's and Vance's false allegations have led to the massive disruption of public services in Springfield in violation of R.C. 2909.04 (**Disrupting Public Services**). As Trump and Vance continue to spread their lies, the Springfield community has experienced widespread bomb threats, schools have been evacuated and closed, and hospitals have been locked down. Since Trump and Vance began their campaign of lies, Springfield public services have been diverted to investigating these threats and the community has been left in distress and disarray from Trump and Vance's self-serving misinformation.
- 17. Despite multiple state officials publicly stating that there is no truth to their claims, Trump and Vance continue to spread statements about Springfield's Haitian community they know are false. Trump and Vance intentionally made both their statements about migrants abducting and consuming family pets, and their claims that legal migrants are illegal and spreading disease, to cause alarm in the Springfield community and violate R.C. 2917.32 (Making False Alarms).
- 18. By repeatedly spreading claims they know to be false on their various social media, televised interviews, campaign rallies, and the presidential debate, Trump and Vance engaged in telecommunications harassment in violation of both R.C. 2917.21 and S.C.O. § 537.08 (both criminalizing **Telecommunications Harassment**).
- 19. Ohioans have been harmed by Trump and Vance's hate and fearmongering. Trump and Vance may act like they are above the law. But they are not. Their conduct was committed in no official capacity and is protected by no immunity.
- 20. Ohio law should be enforced to hold Trump and Vance accountable—just like any other person who wreaked the kind of havoc they have.

## **FACTS**

21. The city of Springfield, Ohio has a population of roughly 60,000 residents, with about 15,000 Haitian immigrants living and working there. Employment opportunities with local automotive machining and vegetable packing plants have drawn many immigrants to Springfield.

- PBS News Hour, *Ohio city with Haitian migrant influx thrust into political spotlight*, YOUTUBE (Sept. 9, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FA80DOcJnu8&t=6s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FA80DOcJnu8&t=6s</a> (interviewing several Haitian immigrants on why they moved to Springfield).<sup>1</sup>
- 22. In early August 2024, users on the far-right social-media platform Gab began a rumor that Haitian immigrants in Springfield were eating local pets. The earliest mention of this allegation is a comment by a user under screen name "bri ory." The comment stated "once haitians [sii] swarm into a town animals start to disappear," and was left under a photo of the neo-Nazi group "Blood Tribe" marching through Springfield protesting Haitian migrants and waving Swastika flags.
  - Huo Jingnan & Jasmine Garsd, JD Vance spreads debunked claim about Haitian immigrants eating pets, NAT'L PUB. RADIO (Sept. 10, 2024), <a href="https://www.npr.org/2024/09/10/nx-s1-5107320/jd-vance-springfield-ohio-haitians-pets">https://www.npr.org/2024/09/10/nx-s1-5107320/jd-vance-springfield-ohio-haitians-pets</a> (discussing the origins of the claim that Vance circulated).
- 23. On September 6, 2024, the X—formerly Twitter—account "@EndWokeness" posted a screenshot of a Facebook post alleging Haitian individuals in Springfield, Ohio, were seen butchering and eating a cat. Especially since Elon Musk took over the company, X is widely reputed to be a welcoming platform for right-wing, white-supremacist disinformation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All videos to which this affidavit refers will be lodged with the Court on a flash drive.



@EndWokeness, X (Sept. 6, 2024, 3:13 AM), <a href="https://x.com/EndWokeness/status/1832134984557113706">https://x.com/EndWokeness/status/1832134984557113706</a>.

- 24. The September 6, 2024, post further alleged Haitians in Springfield were similarly butchering and eating dogs, ducks, and geese. *Id.*
- 25. And this post was accompanied by a photograph of a random Black man carrying what looks like a dead goose. *Id.*
- 26. As of September 16, 2024, the September 6, 2024 post received over 4.9 million views. This includes more than 19,200 reposts and 69,200 likes. *Id*.
- 27. On September 8, 2024, white-extremist commentator Charlie Kirk posted on his X account, @CharlieKirk11, the same September 6, 2024 Facebook post accompanied by a screenshot

of a news article titled "Biden Floods Ohio Town With 20,000 Haitian Migrants: Ten To A Bedroom."



@CharlieKirk11, X (Sept. 8, 2024, 4:46 PM), https://x.com/charliekirk11/status/1832883283199471676.

28. Along with the two screenshots, Charlie Kirk's September 8, 2024 post stated

Residents of Springfield, OH are reporting that Haitians are eating their family pets, another gift of the Biden-Harris mass immigration replacement plan. Liberals will soon be lecturing Americans on why they need to be sensitive to Haitian culture and accept this as the new normal. Those idiots deserve to be condemned and mocked mercilessly. Save our pets. Secure our border.

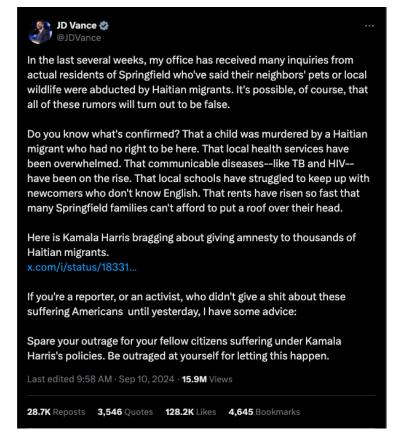
- @CharlieKirk11, X (Sept. 8, 2024, 4:46 PM), https://x.com/charliekirk11/status/1832883283199471676.
- As of September 16, 2024, this post had received over 4 million views, including more than 11,100 thousand reposts and 28,700 likes. *Id.*
- 29. The Facebook post shared on September 6 and September 8, 2024 was originally made by a Springfield resident named Erika Lee. Lee admitted on September 14, 2024 that she had no firsthand knowledge of the claim she had posted, and that she heard the claim from a neighbor who in turn heard it from an acquaintance.
  - Alicia Victoria Lozano, 'It just exploded': Springfield woman claims she never meant to spark false rumors about Haitians, NBC NEWS (Sept. 13, 2024), <a href="https://www.nbcnews.com/news/us-news/-just-exploded-springfield-woman-says-never-meant-spark-rumors-haitian-rcna171099">https://www.nbcnews.com/news/us-news/-just-exploded-springfield-woman-says-never-meant-spark-rumors-haitian-rcna171099</a> (quoting Erika Lee and her comments about the allegations).
- 30. The picture included in Charlie Kirk's September 8, 2024 post was of a man removing two dead geese from a road in Columbus, OH. The photo originated from a July Reddit post in the Columbus community. There is no evidence from the photo that the man depicted is an immigrant, Haitian, or had plans to eat the geese.
  - @Itsmeyourelooking4x, REDDIT (July 28, 2024 12:32 PM), <a href="https://www.reddit.com/r/Columbus/comments/1eebh9o/things-you-see-while-driving-in-cbus">https://www.reddit.com/r/Columbus/comments/1eebh9o/things-you-see-while-driving-in-cbus</a> (directing to the original post of the photo in the Columbus Reddit community page).
- 31. On September 9, 2024, Vance amplified the claims of Haitians harming animals in Springfield, posting on his X account, @JDVance, "Months ago, I raised the issue of Haitian illegal immigrants draining social services and generally causing chaos all over Springfield, Ohio. Reports now show that people have had their pets abducted and eaten by people who shouldn't be in this country. Where is our border czar?"



@JDVance, X (Sept. 9, 2024, 10:22 AM), https://x.com/JDVance/status/1833148904864465117.

# 32. On September 10, 2024, Vance posted again on his X account:

In the last several weeks, my office has received many inquiries from actual residents of Springfield who've said their neighbors' pets or local wildlife were abducted by Haitian migrants. It's possible, of course, that all of these rumors will turn out to be false. Do you know what's confirmed? That a child was murdered by a Haitian migrant who had no right to be here. That local health services have been overwhelmed. That communicable diseases-like TB and HIV--have been on the rise. That local schools have struggled to keep up with newcomers who don't know English. That rents have risen so fast that many Springfield families can't afford to put a roof over their head.



@JDVance, X (Sept. 10, 2024, 9:58 AM), https://x.com/JDVance/status/1833505359513661762.

- 33. As of September 16, 2024, Vance's September 10, 2024 post had received over 15.9 million views, including more than 28,700 reposts and 128,100 likes. *Id.*
- 34. Vance knew better than to fan the flames of Trump's rhetoric. In an October 9, 2016 post on X, he said, "Trump makes people I care about afraid. Immigrants, Muslims, etc. Because of this I find him reprehensible. God wants better of us[.]":



35. In the aftermath of Vance's X posts, Springfield's mayor, Rob Rue, Trump and Vance's fellow Republican, held a press conference on September 10, 2024, during which he stated,

We wish to clarify that we have not been able to verify any credible reports or specific claims of pets being harmed, injured or abused by individuals within the immigrant community. The news story regarding a cat being killed or consumed did not originate in Springfield. It actually involved a Canton woman who was arrested for animal cruelty last month.





WSYX ABC 6, Springfield mayor reacts to social media rumors about what migrants are doing in the

city, YOUTUBE (Sept. 10, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KiA8vH9g-TI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KiA8vH9g-TI</a> (containing interview in which Mayor Rue says the above quoted material).

36. On the evening of September 10, 2024, Trump participated in the ABC presidential debate. Before the debate, Donald Trump shared AI generated images on his "Truth Social" account @realDonaldTrump (1) depicting him in a plane full of cats and ducks, and (2) cats in military style apparel, wearing MAGA hats, and carrying firearms.

@realDonaldTrump, TRUTH SOCIAL (Sept. 10, 2024 5:19 PM), https://truthsocial.com/@realDonaldTrump/posts/113115343607314633.

@realDonaldTrump, TRUTH SOCIAL (Sept. 10, 2024 5:34 PM), https://truthsocial.com/@realDonaldTrump/posts/113115402842391067.

37. During the September 10 presidential debate, Trump claimed immigrants in Springfield were eating pets, leading to the following exchange with Moderator David Muir:

David Muir:

I just want to clarify here, you bring up Springfield, Ohio. And ABC News did reach out to the city manager there. He told us, "There have been no credible reports of specific claims of pets being harmed, injured, or abused by individuals within the immigrant community"—

Trump: —Well, I've— Muir: —All of this, — Trump: —seen people on television. Muir: —Let me just say here, this is the— Trump: —The people on television— —This is a clar...— Muir: —say my dog was taken and...used for food, so Trump: maybe he said that and maybe that's a good— Muir: —Yeah. Trump: —thing to say for a city manager. Muir: I'm not taking this from television, — Trump: —But the people on television— Muir: —I'm taking it from the city manager. Trump: —saving their dog was eaten by the people that went there. Muir: Again, the Springfield city manager says there's no evidence of that...— -We'll find out. Trump:

PBS News Hour, WATCH: Trump amplifies false racist rumor against Ohio's Haitian immigrants in debate, YOUTUBE (Sept. 11, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YcquMqQ-2yo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YcquMqQ-2yo</a> (containing video of the exchange between Trump and Muir as described above).

- 38. Shortly after 1:00 AM on September 11, 2024, Trump made three posts in quick succession to his Truth Social account:
  - (1) a screen recording of a video with the title "BREAKING: An Ohio woman has allegedly killed and eaten a cat in front of shocked neighbors,"
  - (2) screenshots of a document labeled as be a "Clark County Communication's (sii) Center Call Detail Report" with highlighted portions detailing "2 males 2 females All Haitians," "4 geese stolen," and "RP said he could tell they were Haitian because he was within

earshot to hear them speaking Haitian Creole . . .," and

(3) a link to a September 10 news article published by extremist website The Federalist entitled "EXCLUSIVE: Police Audio, Report Confirm Haitian Goose-Hunting In Ohio: "They All Had Geese In Their Hands"

@realDonaldTrump, TRUTH SOCIAL (Sept. 11, 2024 1:01 AM), https://truthsocial.com/@realDonaldTrump/posts/113117159823478251; @realDonaldTrump, TRUTH SOCIAL (Sept. 11, 2024 1:02 AM), https://truthsocial.com/@realDonaldTrump/posts/113117163559759397; @realDonaldTrump, TRUTH SOCIAL (Sept. 11, 2024 1:34 AM), https://truthsocial.com/@realDonaldTrump/posts/113117289655247410.

39. Later that day, Springfield City Manager Bryan Heck stated the following in a press conference shared to the official "City of Springfield, Ohio – Government" Facebook page: "It is disappointing that some of the narrative surrounding our city has been skewed by misinformation circulating on social media and further amplified by political rhetoric in the current highly charged presidential election cycle."

City of Springfield, Ohio – Government, FACEBOOK (Sept. 11, 2024 9:43 AM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/CityofSpringfieldOH/videos/1268955547433175/">https://www.facebook.com/CityofSpringfieldOH/videos/1268955547433175/</a> (directing to the press-conference video referenced above).

40. Ohio Governor Mike DeWine, Trump and Vance's fellow Republican and their supporter, also debunked the claims on September 11, 2024, stating, "I think we should take the word of the city manager and the mayor that they've found no credible evidence of that story of Haitians eating pets."

WSYX ABC 6, *Ohio governor reacts to Trump's Springfield claims*, YOUTUBE (Sept. 11, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LNwsbh1Een0&t=2s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LNwsbh1Een0&t=2s</a> (directing to video of the interview with Governor DeWine where he makes this quote).

41. In the morning of September 12, 2024, following the comments from Vance and Trump, the official "City of Springfield, Ohio – Government" Facebook page posted:

# CITY HALL IS CLOSED TODAY

Due to a bomb threat that was issued to multiple facilities throughout Springfield today, City Hall is closed today.

City of Springfield received a bomb threat that has prompted an immediate response from local and regional law enforcement. As a precautionary measure, the building has been evacuated, and authorities are currently conducting a thorough investigation. Our primary concern is the safety and well-being of our employees and residents. We are working to address this situation as swiftly as possible.

City officials were alerted to this threat via an email message this morning at 8:24 am. The email was sent to multiple agencies and media outlets.

We ask the community to avoid the area surrounding City Hall vicinity while the investigation is ongoing and to report any suspicious activity to the Springfield Police Division. We appreciate your patience and cooperation as we work through this matter.



# City of Springfield, Ohio - Government

September 12 at 7:41 AM · 🚱

#### CITY HALL IS CLOSED TODAY

Due to a bomb threat that was issued to multiple facilities throughout Springfield today, City Hall is closed today.

City of Springfield received a bomb threat that has prompted an immediate response from local and regional law enforcement. As a precautionary measure, the building has been evacuated, and authorities are currently conducting a thorough investigation. Our primary concern is the safety and well-being of our employees and residents. We are working to address this situation as swiftly as possible.

City officials were alerted to this threat via an email message this morning at 8:24 am. The email was sent to multiple agencies and media outlets.

We ask the community to avoid the area surrounding City Hall vicinity while the investigation is ongoing and to report any suspicious activity to the Springfield Police Division. We appreciate your patience and cooperation as we work through this matter.



409 shares

City of Springfield, Ohio – Government, FACEBOOK (Sept. 12, 2024 7:41 AM), https://www.facebook.com/CitvofSpringfieldOH/posts/pfbid02Tk6jL5vB9ZtpVJLRdMU FpKyp7yL8Vj2yaDMnVhvXrQEvH5nXj3wiz94y87PPxRmql.

42. Similarly, the official Clark County, Ohio Facebook page posted a notice that all Clark County office buildings would be closed to the public due to "threats made to other local government entities."

Clark County, Ohio, FACEBOOK (Sept. 12, 2024 8:46 AM), https://www.facebook.com/clarkcountyohio/posts/pfbid0afLiQ5upcHfRoxxFL9TgpCtP MUpiiq7MRwx5bSHPVGvZYE63LELuutQiHgoChhW4l.

43. On September 12, 2024, Springfield Mayor Rob Rue reported the City's conclusion about the reason for these closures during an interview when asked about the nature of the threats received:

> There was enough negative language towards immigrants, towards Haitian folks that would bring enough concern. And then when it followed up with the threat at the end of a bomb threat that, you know, like I said, it was pretty much, it was just the beginning of the conclusion that they're going to threaten to harm people.

WSYX ABC 6, Springfield, Ohio, mayor discusses bomb threat, viral rumors about immigrants, YOUTUBE (Sept. 12, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2naIpn4yDyU&t=4s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2naIpn4yDyU&t=4s</a> (Mayor Rue interview audio).

44. Later that day, during in an interview with CBS News, Governor DeWine said of the rumors of Haitian immigrants eating pets that "This is something that came up on the internet, the internet can be quite crazy sometimes, and look, the mayor of Springfield says no, there is no truth in that, they have no evidence of that at all."

Face the Nation, *Ohio Gov. Mike DeWine addresses false claims about Haitian immigrants eating pets*, YOUTUBE (Sept. 12, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FQIqfH2kFIg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FQIqfH2kFIg</a> (Governor DeWine interview video).

45. On the evening of September 12, 2024, Trump held a campaign rally in Tucson, Arizona. Even though responsible public officials (indeed his fellow Republicans) had refuted his statements, Trump claimed that:

[R]ecordings of 9-1-1 calls even show residents are reporting that the migrants are walking off with the town's geese. They're taking the geese. You know where the geese are in the park, in the lake, and even walking off with their pets. My dogs been taken. My dogs been stolen. This can only happen—these people are the worst . . .

Forbes Breaking News, NEW: Trump Again Claims Haitian Migrants Are Taking Pets of Residents in Springfield, Ohio, YOUTUBE (Sept. 12, 2024), https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-eHIMrBLp2g (rally video).

46. On September 13, 2024, the city received additional bomb threats and active-shooter threats, leading to the lockdown, closure, or both of three Springfield schools, two local universities, and several major area hospitals over the next several days. The language of the threats was at times specifically targeting Haitian members of the community.

Springfield City School District, FACEBOOK (Sept. 13, 2024 11:01 AM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/springfieldcityschooldistrict/posts/pfbid0YLQJPmERnHSpQ">https://www.facebook.com/springfieldcityschooldistrict/posts/pfbid0YLQJPmERnHSpQ</a> <a href="https://www.facebook.com/springfieldcityschooldistrict/posts/pfbid0YLQJPmERnHSpQ">PPA5LtUHrqq8EZ3fhHZVJaqsEZeqePe8BMMm7ESNDWzAoiaHivl</a> (Springfield City School District's social-media statement announcing the school evacuations).

Wittenberg University, FACEBOOK (Sept. 14, 2024 6:09 PM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/wittenberguniversity/posts/pfbid02sjL5VHKkgjFETWuNA3b3ThLw1XABeYgyF8bF8Duv71LK3FLyTosD5ZLaRk171Epnl">https://www.facebook.com/wittenberguniversity/posts/pfbid02sjL5VHKkgjFETWuNA3b3ThLw1XABeYgyF8bF8Duv71LK3FLyTosD5ZLaRk171Epnl</a> (Wittenberg University's social-media statement announcing campus closure).

Clark State College, FACEBOOK (Sept. 13, 2024 6:27 AM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/clarkstate/posts/pfbid0A9Xy6nf41L3C5siP6WiyZJ7z2mnuCZ-93wCGjgdSEa1EdqiBK4vDgenvStz5NoYEbl">https://www.facebook.com/clarkstate/posts/pfbid0A9Xy6nf41L3C5siP6WiyZJ7z2mnuCZ-93wCGjgdSEa1EdqiBK4vDgenvStz5NoYEbl</a> (Clark State College's social-media statement announcing campus closure).

- Mercy Health Springfield, FACEBOOK (Sept. 14, 2024 10:05 AM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/mercyhealthspringfield/posts/pfbid0EXfctPvcKUV1finUN5HjEPN4CUZu5mAjrrev1ZPHerpJreE7HKvebNhaVbZY7BFAl">https://www.facebook.com/mercyhealthspringfield/posts/pfbid0EXfctPvcKUV1finUN5HjEPN4CUZu5mAjrrev1ZPHerpJreE7HKvebNhaVbZY7BFAl</a> (directing to Mercy Health's social-media statement announcing lockdown at Springfield Regional Medical Center).
- 47. By the end of the week, Springfield had been subject to at least 33 separate bomb threats, confirmed by Governor DeWine in a press briefing.
  - WTOL11, WATCH: Gov. Mike DeWine speaks in Springfield, Ohio, YOUTUBE (Sept. 16, 2024) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BZhkD\_QzRWY">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BZhkD\_QzRWY</a> (video of Governor DeWine's press briefing in which he reports "[w]e have received at least 33 separate bomb threats.").
- 48. On September 15, 2024, Vance gave an interview to CBS News where he was questioned about his comments alleging that Haitian immigrants were eating pets. During the interview, Vance dismissed concerns about his falsehoods with the remark, "You're never going to get this stuff perfect."
  - Face the Nation, JD Vance defends amplifying false claims about immigrants, YOUTUBE (Sept. 15, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oBCSCrhnfu0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oBCSCrhnfu0</a> (Vance video).
- 49. On September 15, 2024, Vance gave an interview to CNN where he was questioned about his comments alleging that Haitian immigrants were eating pets. CNN reporter Dana Bash told Vance, "[t]he Clark County Sheriff and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources reviewed 11 months of 9-1-1 calls. They only identified two instances of people alleging Haitians were taking geese out of parks. They found zero evidence to substantiate those claims."
  - CNN, JD Vance reacts to Springfield father saying he politicized his son's death (Part 2/2), YOUTUBE (Sept. 15, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=si1Tbz1kbzw">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=si1Tbz1kbzw</a> (Video of Bash interview of Vance).
- 50. In the same interview, Vance admitted that he was just making harmful statements up: "If I have to create stories so that the American media actually pays attention to the suffering of the American people then that's what I'm going to do, Dana." *Id.*
- 51. Trump and Vance knew their comments were false from the start. A staffer for Vance called Springfield City Manager Bryan Heck to ask him if there were any truth to the claims. Heck told them no, that there was "no verifiable evidence or reports to show this was true." Heck "told them these claims were baseless."
  - Kris Maher, et al., How the Trump Campaign Ran With Rumors About Pet-Eating Migrants After Being Told They Weren't True, WALL ST. J. (Sept. 18, 2024), <a href="https://www.wsj.com/us-news/springfield-ohio-pet-eating-claims-haitian-migrants-04598d48">https://www.wsj.com/us-news/springfield-ohio-pet-eating-claims-haitian-migrants-04598d48</a> (verifying Heck's first-hand account).

52. On September 15, 2024, Governor DeWine made the following statements during an interview with ABC News:

Martha Raddatz: Here's a question I never thought I would have to ask

but do you see any evidence as Governor of the state

that Haitian immigrants are eating pets?

Governor DeWine: No, absolutely not. That's what the mayor said, that's

what the chief of police has said. I think it's

unfortunate that this came up. Let me tell you what we do know though, we know the Haitians in Springfield are legal, they came to Springfield to work.

ABC News, 'Simply not true' that Haitian migrants are eating pets in Ohio: Gov. DeWine, YOUTUBE (Sept. 15, 2024) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C-kFtYtwL68">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C-kFtYtwL68</a> (video of this exchange).

- 53. On September 15, 2024, in a CNN interview, Springfield Mayor Rob Rue said, "We've had three consecutive days of threats, not only to myself, personally, to my family, but as well as the other commissioners and some other officials."
- 54. Later in the interview Mayor Rue reaffirmed that pets were not being eaten in Springfield:

Dana Bash: Do you have any confirmed reports of Haitian migrants

eating dogs and cats?

Mayor Rue: We do not. And I think you highlighted earlier on one of

your interviews that, you know, we—the sheriff's

department—did go back through the last 11 months and we just have no verifiable claim that this actually happened.

CNN, Springfield mayor responds to JD Vance's claims about Haitian immigrants, YOUTUBE (Sept. 15, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=39voRIZciVI&t=189s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=39voRIZciVI&t=189s</a> (video of this exchange).

55. In a North Carolina campaign rally on September 18, 2024, Vance insisted of the Haitian immigrants in Springfield, who are here under a special legal visa status, "I'm still going to call them illegal aliens."

Fox News, JD Vance delivers remarks at a campaign rally. Raleigh, NC, YOUTUBE (Sept. 18, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IGngl8UINBg">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IGngl8UINBg</a> (directing to video of the rally where Vance made this vow).

56. Trump has repeatedly threatened that, if elected, he would carry out mass deportations of Haitians in Springfield, despite their legal status. He has vowed to deport Springfield's Haitians to Venezuela.

The Columbus Dispatch, After debate, Trump promises migrant deportations from Springfield, Ohio and Aurora, Colorado, YOUTUBE (Sept. 13, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COPuQhc-Lgo&t=7s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COPuQhc-Lgo&t=7s</a> (capturing Trump saying "[W]e will do large deportations from Springfield, Ohio—large deportations. We're going to get these people out. We're bringing them back to Venezuela.").

57. Trump has a history of false and dangerous claims about Haitian immigrants. In 2021 he decried Haitians as "probably hav[ing] AIDS" and claimed that allowing them into the United States is "like a death wish for our country."

Stuti Mishra, Anger as Trump says Haiti immigrants are likely spreading Aids to the US: 'One-trick sociopath,' THE INDEPENDENT, <a href="https://www.the-independent.com/news/world/americas/us-politics/trump-haiti-migrants-aids-texas-b1934588.html">https://www.the-independent.com/news/world/americas/us-politics/trump-haiti-migrants-aids-texas-b1934588.html</a> (Oct. 8, 2021 4:50 PM) (includes audio of Trump).

58. Vance has similarly threatened the safety and reputation of our community, implying on national television that Haitians in Springfield are murderers with venereal diseases.

CBS News, JD Vance stands by spreading false claims about Haitian immigrants, YOUTUBE (Sept. 16, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oBCSCrhnfu0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oBCSCrhnfu0</a> (Vance saying "[T]hanks to [Kamala Harris'] open border there is a rise in HIV in Springfield, Ohio. Thanks to her open border murders are up 81% in Springfield, Ohio.").

59. County health officials in Springfield have disproven Trump and Vance's claims, finding that rates of sexually transmitted diseases in the county are at their lowest rate in nearly a decade.

Kris Maher, et al., How the Trump Campaign Ran With Rumors About Pet-Eating Migrants – After Being Told They Weren't True, WALL ST. J. (Sept. 18, 2024), <a href="https://www.wsj.com/us-news/springfield-ohio-pet-eating-claims-haitian-migrants-04598d48">https://www.wsj.com/us-news/springfield-ohio-pet-eating-claims-haitian-migrants-04598d48</a> (containing the information and statistics from the county health department).

60. Trump was asked why, given the many bomb threats in Springfield, he continues to spread the false story that Haitians in Springfield are eating pets. He didn't care. He failed to call for an end to the threats and dismissed the bomb threats as a problem: "The real threat is what is happening at our border. Because you have thousands of people being killed by illegal migrants coming in—and also dying . . . Those are your real problems, not the problem you're talking about."

ABC News, Live - Former President Trump addresses media at Trump National Golf Club in Los Angeles, CA, YOUTUBE (Sept. 13, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9uEnTSov0bA">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9uEnTSov0bA</a> (video of Trump).

61. During a rally on September 17, Vance denied responsibility to fact-check his claims about Haitian immigrants in this exchange with a reporter,

Reporter: A woman who is behind a Facebook post about the Haitian migrants in Springfield has now apologized for spreading false rumors. You

say you have a responsibility to share what your constituents tell you, don't you have a responsibility to fact check them first?

JD Vance: I think the media has a responsibility to fact-check the residents of Springfield, not lie about them.

PBS Newshour, *WATCH LIVE: Vance addresses campaign rally in Eau Claire, WI*, YouTube (Sept. 17, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G3YsnBHg83I&t=1051s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G3YsnBHg83I&t=1051s</a> (video of Vance's rally).

- 62. Despite his harm to the Springfield community, Trump and Vance appear determined to inflict more. On September 19, 2024, Trump announced he is coming to Springfield. Mayor Rue, speaking alongside Governor DeWine, has asked him not to come, saying "should he choose to change his plans, it would convey a significant message of peace to the city of Springfield." No such message of peace has yet to come from Trump.
  - NBC4 Columbus, Springfield, Ohio, Mayor Rob Rue asks Donald Trump to reconsider revisit, YOUTUBE (Sept. 19, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1iR-WEV7yuI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1iR-WEV7yuI</a> (video of Mayor Rue's comments on Trump's potential visit).
- 63. Governor DeWine has similarly appealed to Trump and Vance to stop the lies, saying "I've said [the statements] were wrong. The mayor has said they were wrong. And frankly, they need to stop."
  - PBS Newshour, Gov. DeWine urges Trump and Vance to end 'very hurtful' comments about Haitian migrants, YouTube (Sept. 17, 2024), <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BDX7y9HvpnA&t=4s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BDX7y9HvpnA&t=4s</a> (video of DeWine).
- 64. In his September 20 op-ed in the *New York Times*, the governor similarly called out the misinformation Trump and Vance have spread, writing "[Haitians] are here legally. They are here to work" and "I am saddened by how [Trump and Vance] and others continue to repeat claims that lack evidence and disparage the legal migrants living in Springfield. This rhetoric hurts the city and its people, and it hurts those who have spent their lives here." (emphasis added)
  - Mike DeWine, I'm the Governor of Ohio. I Don't Recognize the Springfield That Trump and Vance Describe, N.Y. TIMES (Sept. 20, 2024), <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2024/09/20/opinion/springfield-haitian-migrants-ohio.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2024/09/20/opinion/springfield-haitian-migrants-ohio.html</a>.
- 65. As of September 22, 2024, Springfield remains in disarray. Mayor Rue reports, "There are threats against my family. Emails, phone calls. They say they don't want me around, I'm going to die, I'm a traitor, 'We're watching your family.' All these things that you never want to hear." Mattathias Schwartz, He Makes Less Than \$15,000 and Is Trying to Hold Springfield, Ohio, Together, N.Y. TIMES (Sept. 21, 2024), <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2024/09/21/us/robrue-springfield-ohio-mayor-trump.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2024/09/21/us/robrue-springfield-ohio-mayor-trump.html</a>.
- 66. And the city has issued a proclamation granting the mayor emergency powers to address safety concerns in the city. State troopers have been stationed in every city school on the

Governor's orders. Federal officers and sniffer dogs from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms continue to sweep the city. The city of Springfield continues to suffer. Trump and Vance are to blame.

Dayton 24/7 News, Facebook (Sept. 19, 2024 3:00 PM), <a href="https://www.facebook.com/dayton247now/videos/1060607142339702/">https://www.facebook.com/dayton247now/videos/1060607142339702/</a> (video of press conference by Mayor Rue and Governor DeWine in which they discuss both the emergency measures and state-trooper placement).

#### TRUMP AND VANCE HAVE VIOLATED OHIO AND SPRINGFIELD CRIMINAL LAW

- 67. As detailed below, Trump and Vance's actions violated the following Ohio Revised Code criminal statutes:
  - <u>Section 2923.03</u> Complicity
  - <u>Section 2909.04</u> Disrupting Public Services
  - <u>Section 2917.32</u> Making False Alarms
  - <u>Section 2917.21</u> Telecommunications Harassment (also incorporating Aggravating Menacing, R.C. 2903.21(A)).
- 68. And Trump and Vance's actions also violated these parallel, identical criminal laws of the Codified Ordinances of Springfield, Ohio:
  - <u>Section 501.10</u> Complicity
  - <u>Section 537.08</u> Telecommunications Harassment
- 69. At every turn, Trump and Vance were told by fact-checkers, press, officials, Springfield residents, and more that their claims were baseless. They could not have reasonably thought their claims were true because deliberate ignorance does not excuse criminal conduct. A defendant is criminally liable when he "deliberately close[s] his eyes to what would otherwise have been obvious." *See, e.g.*, State *v. Wiseman*, No. 2023 CA 00004, 2023-Ohio-4263, at ¶ 15 (Nov. 27, 2023 5th Dist. Fairfield). Trump and Vance are just as culpable, regardless of if they had "positive knowledge or deliberate ignorance." *Id.*
- 70. Trump and Vance orchestrated a campaign of lies. They spread a false narrative that Haitians in Springfield are a danger. And that Haitians carry HIV, are causing the Springfield murder rate to skyrocket, and are eating family pets. By spreading these lies, and refusing to condemn the violent threats, they invite and encourage their supporters to join in. By spreading these lies, they knowingly encourage others to amplify their message and the corresponding harm. Trump and Vance caused others to join their crimes against the Haitian community, and that makes them complicit under Ohio law for the tragic results. Ohio criminal law provides a remedy.
- 71. People violate R.C. 2923.03(A) (Complicity) when they act with the kind of culpability required for the commission of an offense and do any of the following:
  - o "Solicit or procure another to commit the offense";

- o "Aid or abet another in committing the offense";
- o "Conspire with another to commit the offense in violation of Section 2923.01 of the Revised Code"; or
- o "Cause an innocent or irresponsible person to commit the offense."

# (emphases added).

- 72. Trump knew the power of his words. He implicitly solicited and procured others to commit offenses. Through his actions, he conspired with his running-mate Vance. And he caused otherwise innocent or irresponsible people, including his supporters and those making threats, to commit the offense of telecommunications harassment when he knowingly made false and salacious comments about the Springfield Haitian community during the September 10 debate, through his September 11 Truth Social posts, and during his September 12, 2024 rally.
- 73. Trump's statements caused a multitude of his supporters to amplify, repeat, and disseminate claims he knew were false and served only to abuse, harass, threaten, or intimidate. This violates R.C. 2923.03(A)(4).
- 74. Vance, too, knew the power of his and Trump's words. Indeed, on October 9, 2016, and other occasions, he had previously condemned Trump for stoking anti-immigrant xenophobia: "Trump makes people I care about afraid. Immigrants, Muslims, etc. Because of this I find him reprehensible. God wants better of us[.]"
- 75. Vance implicitly solicited and procured others to commit offenses. Through his actions, he conspired with Trump. And he caused otherwise innocent or irresponsible people to commit the offense of telecommunications harassment when he knowingly made false and salacious comments about the Springfield Haitian community during his September 15, 2024 interview, through his September 9 and 10 social-media posts on X, and through his comments at September 17 and 18 rallies.
- 76. Vance's statements caused a multitude of his and Trump's supporters to amplify, repeat, and disseminate claims he knew were false. This served only to abuse, harass, threaten, or intimidate. And this violates R.C. 2923.03(A)(4).
- 77. Vance and Trump conspired with one another to commit the offenses charged in this affidavit.
- 78. S.C.O. § 501.10 (Complicity) mirrors R.C. 2923.03. As shown above, Vance violated both.
- 79. Trump and Vance falsely claim Haitians are a danger to Springfield. Now, many in Springfield face actual harm from threats that have even resulted in closures and lockdowns of government buildings, hospitals, schools, and colleges. Police and fire services are investigating bomb threats rather than focusing on the daily services for which Springfield needs them. Trump and Vance caused a massive disruption to a community and city that deserved better. Ohio and Springfield criminal law provides remedies for the people of Springfield harmed by Trump and Vance's lies directed at the city's Haitian residents.

- 80. R.C. 2909.04(A) (**Disrupting Public Services**) provides that:
  - (A) No person, purposely by any means or knowingly by damaging or tampering with any property, shall do any of the following:
    - (1) Interrupt or impair television, radio, telephone, telegraph, or other mass communications service; **police, fire, or other public service communications**; radar, loran, radio, or other electronic aids to air or marine navigation or communications; or amateur or citizens band radio communications being used for public service or emergency communications;
    - (2) Interrupt or impair public transportation, including without limitation **school bus transportation**, or water supply, gas, power, or other utility service to the public;
    - (3) Substantially impair the ability of **law enforcement officers**, **firefighters**, **rescue personnel**, **emergency medical services personnel**, **or emergency facility personnel** to respond to an emergency or to protect and preserve any person or property from serious physical harm.

(emphases added).

- 81. R.C. 2909.04(B) (**Disrupting Public Services**) further provides that:
  - (B) No person shall knowingly use any computer, computer system, computer network, telecommunications device, or other electronic devise or system **or the internet so** as to dispute, interrupt, or impair the functions of any police, fire, educational, commercial, or government operations.

(emphasis added).

- 82. Trump's statements regarding the Springfield Haitian community have caused multiple bomb and other threats, closures, and other disruptions.
- 83. Trump's statements have interrupted and impaired police and public-service communications, as resources have been diverted to securing the city, and responding to and investigating multiple bomb and other threats. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(1).
- 84. Trump's statements have also led to the interruption of school-bus transportation within Springfield, Ohio as multiple school buildings were evacuated and schools were closed in response to bomb and other threats. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(2).
- 85. And Trump's statements have led to the shutdown and evacuation of multiple hospitals in Springfield over bomb threats. This has led to the impairment of Springfield's law-enforcement, firefighter, rescue, emergency-medical, and emergency-facility personnel in their ability to respond to emergencies, protect, or preserve any person or property from serious harm. That the State of Ohio has had to assign state troopers to every school and

- other facilities in the city proves that city law enforcement alone could not address the firestorm Trump's lies created. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(3).
- 86. Trump knowingly used telecommunications devices to disseminate false claims about the Springfield Haitian community. Those claims have disrupted, interrupted, and impaired the functions of police, fire, educations, commercial, and governmental operations in Springfield and the state of Ohio. This includes the continuing disruptions shown by Mayor Rue's proclamation of emergency powers to handle the unrest. This violates R.C 2909.04(B).
- 87. Vance's persistent false statements about the Springfield Haitian community have caused multiple bomb threats and other disruptions.
- 88. Vance's statements have interrupted and impaired police and public-service communications, as resources have been diverted to securing the city, and responding to and investigating multiple bomb threats. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(1).
- 89. Vance's statements have led to the interruption of school-bus transportation within Springfield, Ohio as multiple school buildings were evacuated and closed in response to bomb threats. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(2).
- 90. Vance's statements have led to the shutdown and evacuation of multiple hospitals in Springfield due to bomb threats. This has led to the impairment of Springfield's law-enforcement, firefighter, rescue, emergency-medical, and emergency-facility personnel in their ability to respond to emergencies, protect, or preserve any person or property from serious harm. That the state of Ohio has had to assign state troopers to every school in the city shows that city law enforcement alone could not address the firestorm Vance's lies created. This violates R.C. 2909.04(A)(3).
- 91. Vance knowingly used telecommunications devices to create false claims about the Springfield Haitian community. Those claims have disrupted, interrupted, and impaired the functions of police, fire, educations, commercial, and governmental operations in Springfield. This includes the continuing disruptions, shown by Mayor Rue's proclamation of emergency powers to handle the unrest. This violates R.C. 2909.04(B).
- 92. Trump and Vance falsely told a national audience that Haitians in Springfield were carrying out crimes against their community. Their messages to Springfield were that Haitian neighbors are stealing their property and pets, and killing the pets. Creating this sort of false alarm is dangerous both to the wrongfully accused Haitians in Springfield, but also to all Springfield residents who were falsely made to fear for their pets' safety. Ohio law provides a remedy for those harmed when people like Trump and Vance cry wolf.
- 93. People violate R.C. 2917.32(A)(1) (**Making False Alarms**) when they "[i]nitiate or circulate a report or warning of an alleged or impending fire, explosion, crime, or other catastrophe, knowing that the report or warning is false and likely to cause public inconvenience or alarm."

- 94. Trump initiated and circulated warnings of alleged and impending crime and catastrophe. Trump falsely warned and circulated to a national audience that Springfield's Haitians were engaged in crimes related to the theft and consumption of cats and dogs.
- 95. Before Trump's comments during the September 10 debate, Mayor Rob Rue had already debunked the claim that members of the Springfield Haitian community were eating cats and dogs. And City Manager Bryan Heck had already told Vance's inquiring staff on September 9 that the claims were "baseless." But Trump made the claims anyway.
- 96. During the September 10, 2024 debate, moderator David Muir told Trump that there were no credible reports of Haitians eating dogs and cats in Springfield and that the city's manager stated there was no evidence of such claims.
- 97. Despite evidence of the claims' falsehood, Trump repeated the allegations about the Springfield Haitian community at the September 10 debate, on September 11 at Truth Social, and during a September 12 rally.
- 98. Trump knew the allegations made during the September 10 debate and afterward were both false and—based on his knowledge of the disruptive power of his words as on January 6, 2021—were likely to cause public inconvenience and alarm. Indeed, he knew because his and Vance's words were already causing public inconvenience and alarm, as expressed by the mayor and the governor.
- 99. This conduct violates R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 100. Trump initiated and circulated a false warning of alleged and impending crime through his September 11 Truth Social posts. Trump warned and circulated to his large social-media audience that the Springfield Haitian community was engaged in crimes of theft and consumption of cats and dogs.
- 101. Trump knew about the preceding evidence about the falsity of his claims and that the claims were likely to cause public inconvenience and alarm. Indeed, he knew because his and Vance's words were already causing public inconvenience and alarm, as noted by the mayor and the governor.
- 102. This violates R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 103. Trump initiated and circulated a warning of impending crime—that Haitians in Springfield are eating dogs, cats, and geese—through the comments at his September 12, 2024 rally.
- 104. Along with their initial statements, Mayor Rue and Governor Mike DeWine further refuted the allegations that Haitians are eating dogs, cats, or geese in Springfield before Trump spoke at his rally on the evening of September 12, 2024.
- 105. Despite the preceding evidence, Trump claimed during his September 12 rally that Haitians were stealing dogs, cats, and geese in Springfield.

- 106. Before Trump's September 12 rally, Springfield's City Hall was evacuated because of at least one bomb threat on the building.
- 107. Trump knew his statements about Springfield's Haitian community were false and likely to cause a public inconvenience and alarm. He knew because his and Vance's words were already causing public inconvenience and alarm, as expressed by the mayor and the governor.
- 108. Trump's actions violate R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 109. Vance initiated and circulated a warning of impending crime—that Haitians in Springfield are eating dogs, cats, and geese—through his September 9, 2024 post on X.
- 110. Vance knew his claims here false. City Manager Heck had already told his staffer, inquiring as Vance's agents, that the claims were "baseless."
- 111. Vance acknowledged on September 15, 2024 that he and Trump "have to create stories" regarding the allegations that Haitians are eating pets in Springfield.
- 112. Vance knew his statements were false and likely to cause public inconvenience and alarm. He knew because his and Trump's words were already causing public inconvenience and alarm, as expressed by both the governor and mayor.
- 113. Vance's actions violate R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 114. Vance initiated and circulated a warning of impending crime—that Haitians in Springfield are eating dogs, cats, and geese—through his September 10 post on X.
- 115. In his September 10, 2024 post, Vance admitted that "it is possible, of course, that all of these rumors turn out to be false." But he didn't care.
- 116. Vance admitted on September 15, 2024 that he and Trump "have to create stories" regarding the allegations that Haitians are eating pets in Springfield.
- 117. Despite knowing the statements were false and likely to cause public inconvenience and alarm, Vance continued to amplify the "rumor" that Haitians in Springfield are eating pets.
- 118. So Vance violated R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 119. Vance initiated and circulated a warning of impending crime—that Haitians in Springfield are eating dogs, cats, and geese—through his comments during the televised interview on September 15, 2024.
- 120. Before the interview, Vance had all the preceding evidence of the falsity of his statements before circulating them on national television on September 15, 2024.
- 121. Before the interview, multiple schools, hospitals, and government buildings in Springfield had been evacuated or locked down because of bomb threats.

- 122. Vance knew his statements were false and likely to cause public inconvenience and alarm.
- 123. So Vance violated R.C. 2917.32(A)(1).
- 124. As major party candidates, Trump and Vance direct a national spotlight. They do this through television appearances, broadcasted rallies, press briefings, and social media. These methods are how they communicate with their supporters across the country. Taken as a whole, these are their "telecommunications." Trump and Vance weaponized their telecommunications to threaten and harm Haitian immigrants in Springfield. That is what Ohio law and Springfield's own municipal code call "telecommunications harassment."
- 125. Under R.C. 2917.21(A), a person is guilty of telecommunications harassment when they:
  - (A) Knowingly make or cause to be made a telecommunication... to another, if the caller does any of the following:
    - (1) Makes the telecommunication with purpose to **harass**, **intimidate**, **or abuse** any person at the premises to which the telecommunication is made, whether or not actual communication takes place between the caller and a recipient;

\*\*\*

(3) During the telecommunication, violates Section 2903.21 [Aggravated Menacing] of the Revised Code;

\*\*\*

(6) Knowingly makes any comment, request, suggestion, or proposal to the recipient of the telecommunication that is **threatening**, **intimidating**, **menacing**, coercive, or obscene with the intent to abuse, threaten, or harass the recipient;

. .

- (9) Knowingly makes any false statement concerning the death, injury, illness, disfigurement, **reputation**, **indecent conduct**, **or criminal conduct** of the recipient of the telecommunication or family or household member of the recipient with purpose to abuse, threaten, intimidate, or harass the recipient;
- (10) Knowingly incites another person through a telecommunication or other means to harass or participate in the harassment of a person.

(Emphases added.)

- 126. R.C. 2917.21(B) (second prong of Telecommunications Harassment) further mandates that,
  - (1) No person shall make or cause to be made a telecommunication..., with purpose to *abuse, threaten, or harass* another person.
  - (2) No person shall knowingly post a text or audio statement or an image on an internet web site or web page for the purpose of abusing, threatening, or harassing another person.

(emphasis added).

- 127. Trump knowingly made and caused to be made telecommunications through:
  - His false claim broadcast during the September 10, 2024 ABC News debate that Haitians in Springfield, Ohio are eating cats and dogs.
  - His false claims in the September 11, 2024 Truth Social posts continuing his allegations that Haitians in Springfield, Ohio are eating cats, dogs, and geese.
  - His claims during his September 12, 2024 rally that police 9-1-1 calls show Haitians in Springfield, Ohio are capturing, eating, and otherwise abusing dogs and geese.
- 128. As the January 6, 2021 riot he inflamed involving the U.S. Capitol demonstrates, Trump has a history of inciting violence with his inflammatory rhetoric and false statements. *See*, *e.g.*, H.R. Rep. No. 117-663, at 109 (2022) (citing January 6th commission report outlining Donald Trump's actions in inciting a violent mob to storm the United State capitol). He *knows* the national and local impact of his statements about Springfield's Haitian population.
- 129. As is apparent from his unwillingness to roll back his comments as chaos in Springfield unfolded, Trump made the telecommunications with the purpose of harassing, intimidating, or abusing members of the Haitian community. The telecommunications were received at the premises of members of Springfield's Haitian community. This violates R.C. 2917.21(A)(1).
- 130. R.C. 2903.21(A) (Aggravated Menacing), which one prong of the Telecommunications Harassment statute references, provides in relevant part:

No person shall knowingly cause another to believe that the offender will cause serious physical harm to the person or property of the other person, the other person's unborn, or a member of the other person's immediate family. . . .

131. Trump committed aggravated menacing. He caused Haitian migrants to believe that he, Trump would cause harm to Haitian migrants with his threats of seizing and deporting *legal* migrants to a country, Venezuela, they have never known. Combined with the complicity statute, R.C. 2923.03(A)(1) and (4), he also knew his inflammatory remarks were soliciting and procuring others and causing otherwise innocent persons to make bomb threats to

- Haitian migrants, public officials, and other community members. By violating R.C. 2903.21(A) through his telecommunications, Trump has violated R.C. 2917.21(A)(3).
- 132. Through his telecommunications, Trump knowingly made comments to recipients within Springfield's Haitian community. Those comments were intimidating, and made with the intent to abuse, threaten, or harass the recipients. This violates § 2917.21(A)(6).
- 133. Through his telecommunications, Trump knowingly made false statements concerning the reputation, indecent conduct, and criminal conduct of the Springfield Haitian community who received those telecommunications. These false statements were made with the purpose to abuse threaten, intimidate, or harass the recipients. This violates R.C. 2917.21(A)(9).
- 134. Through his telecommunications, Trump knowingly incited others to harass the Springfield Haitian community, whether through telecommunications or other means of harassment. This violates R.C 2917.21(A)(10).
- 135. Vance knowingly made a telecommunication through:
  - His September 9, 2024, post on X alleging that members of the Springfield Haitian community are eating family pets.
  - His September 10, 2024, post of X alleging that members of the Springfield Haitian community are eating family pets, while acknowledging the allegations as "rumors."
  - His September 15, 2024, claims during a televised interview where he repeated the allegations that Haitians are eating family pets in Springfield and admitted that he "[has] to create stories."
- 136. Vance made and caused to be made telecommunications with the purpose of harassing, intimidating, or abusing members of the Haitian community. The telecommunications were received at the premises of members of Springfield's Haitian community. This violates § 2917.21(A)(1).
- 137. Through his telecommunications, Vance knowingly caused others to believe that members of the Springfield Haitian community would cause serious physical harm to private property of others within the Springfield, Ohio, community. This violates R.C. 2903.21(A).
- 138. By violating Section 2903.21(A) through his telecommunications, Vance violated R.C. 2917.21(A)(3).
- 139. Through his telecommunications, Vance knowingly made comments to recipients within Springfield's Haitian community. Those comments were intimidating and were made with the intent to abuse, threaten, or harass the recipients. This violates § 2917.21(A)(6).
- 140. Through his telecommunications, Vance knowingly made false statements concerning the reputation, indecent conduct, and criminal conduct of the Springfield Haitian Community who received those telecommunications. These false statements were made with the purpose to abuse, threaten, intimidate, or harass the recipients. This violates R.C. 2917.21(A)(9).

- 141. Through his telecommunications, Vance knowingly incited others to harass the Springfield Haitian community, whether through telecommunications or other means of harassment. This violates R.C. 2917.21(A)(10).
- 142. S.C.O. § 537.08 (Telecommunications Harassment) mirrors R.C. 2917.21 and applies with equal force to Trump's and Vance's misconduct. So Trump and Vance also violated S.C.O. § 537.08.
- 143. It is our hope and expectation that neither the judiciary nor prosecutors in Springfield view or will treat Trump and Vance as being above the law. We know that if anyone else had wreaked the kind of havoc Trump and Vance have wreaked in Springfield, they would have been prosecuted by now.

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I affirm the above to be true to the best of my knowledge under penalty of perjury.

Guerline Jozef
Co-Founder and Executive Director
Haitian Bridge Alliance

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23rd day of September, 2024.



Notary Public, State of

My commission expires:

	LAND MUNICIPAL COURT VELAND, OHIO	LED
IN RE:	CLEVELAND N	V 1 1 2015
AFFIDAVITS RELATING TO TIMOTHY LOEHMANN &	) JUDGE RONALD B. ADRINE )	URNER, Clerk
FRANK GARMBACK	) JUDGMENT ENTRY	

On June 9, 2015, Dr. Jawanza Colvin, Mr. Bakari Kiwana, Mr. Edward Little, Jr., Ms. Julia Shearson, Ms. Rachelle Smith, Dr. R.A. Vernon, Dr. Rhonda Williams and Mr. Joseph Worthy, jointly and severally, filed with the Cleveland Municipal Court affidavits accusing Cleveland Police Patrol Officers Timothy Loehmann and Frank Garmback with crimes arising from the shooting death of 12 year-old Tamir Rice on November 22, 2014, within the City of Cleveland.

Each of the affiants alleged, in separate parts of their respective affidavits, that each of the accused, by their actions, committed the following violations of the law during the events that resulted in Tamir's death:

- 1. Aggravated Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.01
- 2. Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.02
- 3. Involuntary Manslaughter, in violation of R.C. 2903.04(B)
- 4. Reckless Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.041
- 5. Negligent Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.05
- 6. Dereliction of Duty, in violation of R.C. 2921.44

Generally, the initiation of criminal proceedings in the State of Ohio is the preserve of the prosecuting authority within a given jurisdiction. However, state law does provide an avenue for a private citizen having knowledge of facts to initiate the criminal process.

- R.C. 2935.09 provides private citizens the ability to bring forward accusations by affidavit to cause an arrest or prosecution. As relevant to the situation now before this bench, that section reads in pertinent part:
  - "(A) As used in this section, "reviewing official" means a judge of a court of record, the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in a court or before a magistrate, or a magistrate.

\*\*\*

(D) A private citizen having knowledge of the facts who seeks to cause an arrest or prosecution under this section may file an affidavit charging the offense committed with a reviewing official for the purpose of review to determine if a complaint should be filed by the **prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses** in the court or before the magistrate...."

"Knowledge of the facts," within the meaning of the R.C. 2935.09, clearly indicates a legislative intent to restrict and define the type of knowledge which a private citizen must possess before being authorized to sign an affidavit. South Euclid v. Clapacs (1966), 213 N.E.2d 828. The phrase "knowledge of the facts" has a rather definite meaning in criminal law. In the general parlance of the court room, it means firsthand knowledge acquired by a witness through the utilization of one of his five senses (sight, hearing, smell, taste and touch), that is to say that the witness has perceived the event, incident, or thing about which he is testifying by seeing, hearing, smelling, tasting or touching it. True enough, the word "knowledge" sometimes encompasses information which has been acquired from others. However, when the phrase "of the facts" is added to describe the type of "knowledge" required, it would seem that the entire phrase "knowledge of the facts" was intended to mean factual or firsthand knowledge acquired through the use of one of the five senses. South Euclid v. Clapacs (1966), 213 N.E.2d 82.

In each of the affidavits filed with the court in this matter, the affiants related that they had the opportunity to view the surveillance video taken at the time of the complained of event. They each reported that they relied upon their review of the surveillance video to provide them with, "knowledge of the subsequent events from one or more of [their] five natural senses." Finally, every affiant indicated that they had attached a copy of the video relied upon, in two forms, to their affidavit.

The video in question in this case is notorious and hard to watch. After viewing it several times, this court is still thunderstruck by how quickly this event turned deadly. The relevant portion covers 18 seconds immediately preceding the point where Tamir Rice suffers the wound, doubles-up and falls to the ground. On the video, the Zone Car containing Patrol Officers Loehmann and Garmback is still in the process of stopping when Rice is shot.

Following the shooting, four additional minutes pass, during which neither officer approaches Tamir as he lies wounded on the ground. At close to four minutes, a young lady, who news reports have since identified as Tamir's

sister arrives on the scene and is restrained from going to her brother's side. Nearly eight minutes go by before paramedics arrive at the location. During that same time, approximately six other members of the Cleveland Division of Police join the first two and appear on the video.

It is difficult to discern, because of the quality of the tape, what, if any, first aid anyone renders to Rice during these eight minutes. Nearly fourteen minutes ultimately expire between the time that Tamir is shot and the time that he is removed from the park.

The video depicts Rice approaching the Zone Car just as it pulls into the park but it does not appear to show him making any furtive movement prior to, or at, the moment he is shot. Again, because of the quality of the video, the young man's arms are barely visible, but they do not appear to be raised or out-stretched. In the moments immediately before, and as the Zone Car approaches, the video does not display the toy gun in Tamir's hands. There appears to be little if any time reflected on the video for Rice to react or respond to any verbal or audible commands given from Loehmann and Garmback from their Zone Car between the time that they first arrived and the time that Rice was shot. Literally, the entire encounter is over in an instant.

Beyond the videos presented as exhibits, each affidavit sets forth the statutory language of each offense alleged. It is unquestionably sufficient to charge felony crimes in the words of the statutes. Crim.R. 7(B) states in part:

The indictment \* \* \* shall contain a statement that the accused has committed some public offense therein specified. Such statement may be made in ordinary and concise language without any technical averments or any allegations not essential to be proved. It may be in the words of the applicable section of the statute as long as the words of that statute charge an offense, or in any words sufficient to give the accused notice of all the elements of the offense with which he is charged. *State v. White-Barnes*, 1992 WL 368844 (Ohio App. 4 Dist.).

Logically speaking, affidavits filed that allege misdemeanor violations should not be subject to stricter standards of scrutiny than indictments charging felonies. *State v. White-Barnes*, 1992 WL 368844 (Ohio App. 4 Dist.). Therefore, it is permissible for those, too, to be framed in statutory language.

None of the affidavits in this matter provide any other factual basis to justify their requests for the issuance of the respective complaints. In order for this court to be in the position to adequately assess the validity of the accusations found therein, those affidavits must be reviewed to determine if they present, at minimum, the three requirements essential for issuance of a criminal complaint: 1) they must set forth a written statement of facts that constitute the essential elements of the offense charged. The essential elements of a given offense are those facts that must be proven to obtain a conviction, 2) they must state the numerical designations of the Revised Code Sections allegedly violated, and 3) they must be made under oath before a person authorized to administer oaths. *State v. Jones* (2011) 2011 WL 4553117, *State v. Patterson* (1988), 1998 Ohio Lexis 2289.

Upon completion of this review, the court finds that each of the documents before it meets these minimum requirements.

According to the statute, once the reviewing official is presented the affidavits called for by R.C. 2935.09, the official is required to make a determination as to the appropriate actions needed to substantiate or debunk the allegations contained in each document.

At the beginning of this review, this court is mindful that despite any conclusions it draws from the evidence found in the affidavits, its role here is advisory in nature. The actual issuance of misdemeanor complaints by the City of Cleveland, following the court's review, may be based upon the court's determination that such charges should issue. That decision is completely within the discretion of the City's prosecuting authority.

The City Prosecutor may also decide to issue felony complaints in the Cleveland Municipal Court based upon his acceptance of the court's determination that there is probable cause to believe certain accusations found in the affidavits posited against these Patrol Officers. However, those felony charges and perhaps some, or all, of the misdemeanor charges must ultimately be delivered to the Cuyahoga County Prosecuting Attorney and, will then be subject to *his* discretion, and resolved in the Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas.

Resort to this statutory process does not provide an "end around" either the City or the County Prosecutor. The statute provides this court the ability to review affidavits filed by private citizens for sufficiency and good faith. It utilizes the standard of probable cause, the lowest standard of proof required in any criminal proceeding for the conduct of that review. That statutory schema does not, however, provide the court the ability to require that its determination be substituted for the discretion of either the City or the County Prosecuting authorities.

In State ex rel. Boylen v. Harmon, 107 Ohio St.3d 370, 2006–Ohio–7, 839 N.E.2d 934,  $\P$  6 (per curiam), the Supreme Court of Ohio determined that the procedure calling for a probable cause hearing under Crim.R. 4(A) was applicable where affidavits are filed with a valid criminal complaint under Crim.R. 3. It concluded that Crim.R. 4(A) does not apply where no complaints and (as here) only affidavits are filed under R.C. 2935.09. Boylen, supra, at  $\P$  9 & 10.

In point of fact, close examination of the applicable statues and criminal rules reveals that the trial court does not have the option of unilaterally issuing a warrant on its own initiative in these private citizen initiated cases.

# Prior Version of R.C. 2935.09

R.C. 2935.09 provides for the initiation of a criminal action by a "peace officer" or "private citizen." The statute was revised in 2006.

# The prior version stated:

"In all cases not provided by sections 2935.02 to 2935.08, inclusive, of the Revised Code, in order to cause the arrest or prosecution of a person charged with committing an offense in this state, a peace officer, or a private citizen having knowledge of the facts, shall file with the judge or clerk of a court of record, or with a magistrate, an affidavit charging the offense committed, or shall file such affidavit with the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in court or before such magistrate, for the purpose of having a complaint filed by such prosecuting or other authorized attorney."

In *State v. Jones*, 2011 WL 4553117 (Ct. App. 11<sup>th</sup> Dist. Portage County 2011) the court, interpreting (the prior version) of R.C. 2935.09, explained the statute as follows:

"\*\*\* [A] police officer or a private citizen may employ either of two methods 'in order to cause the arrest or prosecution of a person charged with committing an offense[.]' First, the complainant may allege that an offense has been committed by filing an affidavit with a judge, clerk of court of record, or magistrate. Second, the complainant may file such an affidavit with a prosecuting attorney. \* \* \*. In the former scenario, the affidavit is the charging instrument and, in effect, becomes the complaint. Under the latter scenario, the prosecuting attorney files a formal complaint and attaches the affidavit thereto." Patterson at \*8, citing 2 Katz & Giannelli, Criminal Law (1996) 2-3, Section 35.3.

Under the prior version of the statute, there were two ways that a prosecution could be initiated by a private citizen; the first method was by the filing of an affidavit with a judge or clerk of a court of record, and the second was by filing an affidavit with the prosecuting attorney who, in turn, would file a complaint. *State v. McNeese* (Oct. 23, 1995), 12 th Dist. No. CA93-12-108, 1995 Ohio App. LEXIS 4665, \*14, 1995 WL 617589 citing *State v. Maynard* (1964), 1 Ohio St.2d 57, 58–59, 203 N.E.2d 332.

# Current Version of R.C. 2935.09

The General Assembly amended R.C. 2935.09, effective June 30, 2006. Am.H.B. No. 214, 151 Ohio Laws, Part III, 5973. The current version of the statute states, in pertinent part:

- "(A) As used in this section, 'reviewing official' means a judge of a court of record, the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in a court or before a magistrate, or a magistrate.
- (B) In all cases not provided by sections 2935.02 to 2935.08 of the\_Revised Code, in order to cause the arrest or prosecution of a person charged with committing an offense in this state, a peace officer or a private citizen having knowledge of the facts shall comply with this section.
- (C) A peace officer who seeks to cause an arrest or prosecution under this section may file with a reviewing official or the clerk of a court of record an affidavit charging the offense committed.
- (D) A private citizen having knowledge of the facts who seeks to cause an arrest or prosecution under this section may file an affidavit charging the offense committed with a reviewing official for the purpose of review to determine if a complaint should be filed by the prosecuting attorney or attorney charged by law with the prosecution of offenses in the court or before the magistrate. \*\*\*"

A comparison of the two versions shows that, under the amended statute, the ability of a private citizen to "cause prosecution" by filing an affidavit is now limited. Under the prior version, either a peace officer or a private citizen may file an affidavit with the judge or a clerk of court to commence prosecution. *State v. Hooper* (1971), 25 Ohio St.2d 59, 61, 267 N.E.2d 285. Under the current version of the statute, a "peace officer" may still "cause prosecution" by filing an affidavit with a "reviewing official" (i.e., a judge or a prosecutor) or the clerk of a court. R.C. 2935.09(C). However, a private citizen, to "cause prosecution," now must file an affidavit with a "reviewing official" for **the purpose of review** to determine **if** a complaint should be **filed by the prosecutor**. R.C. 2935.09(D).

Regarding the ability of a private citizen to initiate the criminal process, R.C. 2935.09 sets forth the "what." R.C. 2935.10 sets forth the "how." The Ohio Supreme Court has consistently held that R.C. 2935.09 does not mandate prosecution of all offenses charged by affidavit. State ex rel. Boylen v. Harmon, 107 Ohio St.3d 370, 2006–Ohio–7, 839 N.E.2d 934, ¶ 6 (per curiam). R.C. 2935.09 " 'must be read *in pari materia* with R.C. 2935.10, which prescribes the subsequent procedure to be followed.' " *Id.* 

Under R.C. 2935.10 (A) in those cases where the charge that the private citizen seeks to have initiated is a felony, the statute provides that upon a finding of probable cause, the reviewing official shall issue a warrant for the arrest of the person charged in the affidavit, unless the hearing official finds that the affidavit "was not filed in good faith." The language used, "shall," is mandatory, and would seem to suggest no discretion in the trial court, once a determination of both probable cause and good faith is made.

However, the statute's mandatory requirement that the trial court issue a warrant solely based upon the existence of the facts contained in an affidavit puts the statute at odds with the provisions of Crim.R. 4 (A). Crim.R. 4 (A)(1) governs criminal warrant, summons and arrest procedures. It reads, as relevant to this discussion:

# (A) Issuance

(1) Upon complaint. If it appears from the complaint, or from an affidavit or affidavits filed with the complaint, that there is probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed, and that the defendant has committed it, a warrant for the arrest of the defendant, or a summons in lieu of a warrant, shall be issued by a judge, magistrate, clerk of court, or officer of the court designated by the judge, to any law enforcement officer authorized by law to execute or serve it.

Such conflicts between statutes and the Supreme Court of Ohio's Rules of Court are subject to a provision of the Ohio State Constitution. Article IV, Section 5 (B) of the Ohio Constitution provides, in pari materia, that, "All laws in conflict with such rules shall be no longer in effect after such rules have taken effect." Therefore, the warrant provision of R.C. 2935.10 (A) is superseded by Crim.R. 4(A)(1). The rule requires that there be a complaint, (or a complaint accompanied by an affidavit or affidavits) filed with the court

before a warrant may issue, and is now the only legitimate vehicle by which a felony warrant can result.

Therefore, pursuant to obligation imposed upon this court by R.C. 2935.09 with regard to review of the affidavits presented, the court determines the following:

- 1. Identical accusations concerning six criminal violations are made by all of the affiants against each of the accused in the various affidavits filed with the court. For purposes of disposition, the identical criminal charges made against each accused by each affiant are consolidated according to the respective criminal charges. All affidavits alleging allegations of a specific criminal violation are consolidated into one allegation and disposed of accordingly based upon the court's review of the conduct of each accused.
- 2. As such, the court further finds that all of the affidavits presented were executed in good faith.
- 3. With regards to the accusation of Aggravated Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.01, against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds that the accusation lacks probable cause.
- 4. With regard to the accusation of Aggravated Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.01, against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds the accusation lacks probable cause.
- 5. With regard to the accusation of Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.02, against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds the accusation lacks probable cause.
- 6. With regard to the accusation of Murder, in violation of R.C. 2903.02, against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.
- 7. With regard to the accusation of Involuntary Manslaughter, in violation of R.C. 2903.04(B), against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds the accusation lacks probable cause.
- 8. With regard to the accusation of Involuntary Manslaughter, in violation of R.C. 2903.04(B), against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.

- 9. With regard to the accusation of Reckless Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.041, against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds the accusation lacks probable cause.
- 10. With regard to the accusation of Reckless Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.041, against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.
- 11. With regard to the accusation of Negligent Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.05, against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.
- 12. With regard to the accusation of Negligent Homicide, in violation of R.C. 2903.05, against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.
- 13. With regard to the accusation of Dereliction of Duty, in violation of R.C. 2921.44, against the accused, FRANK GARMBACK, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.
- 14. With regard to the accusation of Dereliction of Duty, in violation of R.C. 2921.44, against the accused, TIMOTHY LOEHMANN, the court finds that probable cause exists for the accusation.

Having completed its review of all of the affidavits in this matter, pursuant to the requirements of R.C. 2935.09, this court determines that complaints should be filed by the Prosecutor of the City of Cleveland and/or the Cuyahoga County Prosecutor, in re: the accusations levied in the said affidavits against the accused, Frank Garmback, in re: Negligent Homicide and Dereliction of Duty. This determination shall be communicated and forwarded to both prosecutors' offices immediately contemporaneous with its announcement.

Having completed its review of all of the affidavits in this matter, pursuant to the requirements of R.C. 2935.09, this court also determines that complaints should be filed by the Prosecutor of the City of Cleveland and/or the Cuyahoga County Prosecutor, in re: the accusations levied in the said affidavits against the accused Timothy Loehmann, for Murder, Involuntary Manslaughter, Reckless Homicide, Negligent Homicide and Dereliction of Duty. This determination shall be communicated and forwarded to both prosecutors' offices immediately contemporaneous with its announcement.

To reach these determinations, this court applies the standard of probable cause, i.e., more than a mere suspicion but less than the quantum of evidence required for conviction. The prosecutors, however, are ethically required to decide whether, applying the highest standard of proof required by law, to wit: beyond a reasonable doubt, it is more likely than not that a reasonable trier of fact will hold the individuals accused in these affidavits accountable for these, or any other crimes that might be alleged. This court reaches its conclusions consistent with the facts in evidence and the standard of proof that applies at this time.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Judge Ronald B. Adrine

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# IN THE CLARK COUNTY MUNICIPAL COURT

In re: Criminal Charges Against Donald J. Trump and James David ("JD") Vance Matter No. \_\_\_\_\_

# NOTICE OF MANUAL FILING OF VIDEOS REFERENCED WITHIN AFFIDAVIT

Guerline Jozef, on behalf of the Haitian Bridge Alliance, Inc., respectfully submits for manual filing two flash drives, each containing the videos referenced in the R.C. 2935.09 affidavit of Guerline Jozef. The first is for the clerk to maintain and the second is a courtesy copy for the assigned judge.

Dated: September 24, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

Subodh Chandra (OH 0069233)

Alexandra Lavelle (OH 0099601)

Courtney Bow (OH 0101972)

Ethan Dawson (OH 0103801)

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